CLITHEROE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

REPORT

on the

HEALTH AND SANITARY
ALC:INISTRATION
OF THE
DISTRICT.

FOR THE YEAR 1949.

J. H. FAIRWEATHER,

M. D. , D. P. H. , M. R. C. P. ,

LEDICAL OFFICER OF HEAPTH.

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STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health

J. H. Fairweather, M.D., D.F.H., M.R.C.P.

Chief Sanitary Surveyor & Inspector H. Barton, M.R.S.I.

Additional Sanitary Inspector.

H. Cockshutt, M.R.S.I.

Clork.

* J. Ingham. .



PART I

Statistics and Social Conditions.

Frevalence and Control of Infectious Diseases.

Ъуг

J. H. Fairweather,

Medical Officer of Health.



SUMMARY OF STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

CENERAL INFORMATION.

Area (acres)	32,170
Population - Census 1931	8,644
- Registrar Ceneral's estimate mid 1949	8,760
Number of inhabited houses - Census 1931	1,569
- end of 1948 according to Rate Book	1,933
Rateable Value	£55,457
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	219.5776

The District is principally an agricultural one, with several small industries, though none of the centres of population depends entirely on any single industry.

VITAL STATIST	ICS.						
LIVE BIRTHS.	Legitimate Illegitimat Total	Hal 53 e – 53	ζ ₁₋	3 2	Tota1 96 2 98	Birth rate estimated mid-1949.	per 1,000 population
STILL BIRTHS.	Legitimate Illegitimat Total	e - 1		1 - 1	2 - 2	Rate per 1 (live and	,000 total still) burths 20.
DEATHS.		4,5	5:	2	97	Death rate estimated; mid-1949 -	population
DEATHS FROM PUBRIERAL CAUSI	Puerperal ESOther mate Total mate	rnal cause	S	scpsis		Deaths	Death rate per 1,000 total(live and still)births. nil nil nil
			Males	Female	s Total	L.	Rate per 1,000 live births.
IFATIL MORTAL (Infants under			-	1	1		10
age of 1 year)	the Illegi	omare.	-	1	1		10
	Dea: Dea:	ths from c ths from m ths from W ths from d	easles (a hooping (all ago Cough (es) (all age	ss) rs of age)	18 - - -
	Per	1,000 of e populati			it was referred to the second	nal Mortalit	deaths under
	Live Crude Birth Dcath Rate Rate	Rate	Death rate from Cancer	li	er 1,000 ive irths.	Per 1,00 total (live ar still births)	births.
Year 1948	11.9 10.2	0. 34. 0. 11	2.05 1.86		il	nil nil	10 19
Hean of 5 years 1944-1948 Increase or dec in 1949 on prev	12.9 9.3 rease	0,28	1.64.		• 57	3. 4.8	16
Tear years average	-0.7 +0.9	÷0.23 +	-0,19	n	il	nil	9
1944-1948	-1.7 ÷1.8	~a. 06 +	0.41	-3.	• 57	-3. 48	-6
-	to a ed inet	ed dooth -	ode 10				



CAUSES AND SEX DISTRIBUTION OF DEATHS.

CAUSE OF DEATH	NUMBER	OF DEATHS.		
	Male	Female	Total	
Typhoid and parat.fevers	_		-	
Cerebro-spinal fever	-	-	-	
Scarlet Fever	**	-	-	
Whooping Cough	**			
Diphtheria	***	Ned	**	
Tub. of res. sys.	2	1	3	
Other forms of tuberculosis	Bre	1	1	
Syphilitic diseases	-		100	
Influenza		~		
Heasles	-	949	_	
Ac. poliomyel. & polio-enceph	1	gud	1	
Ac. inf. enceph	PRO .		87	
Cancer of buc. cav. & oesoph (M) uterus (F)	_	1	1	
Cancer of stomach & duodenum	3	2	5	
Cancer of breast	**	1	1	
Cancer of all other sites	7	<u>1,-</u>	11	
Diabetes	400		-	
Intra-cranial vascular lesions	2	10	12	
Heart diseases	17	19	36	
Other dis. of circ. system	3	2	5	
Bronchitis	_	2	9	
Pnewsonia	1	-		
Other resp. dis.		•	1	
Ulcer of stomach or duodenum	1	-	1	
Diarrhoea under 2 years	1	1	2	
Appendicitis	1	_	1	
Other digve. dis.	1	_	1	
Nephritis	1	1	2	
Puer. & post-abort. sepsis.	ne	-	24	
Other maternal causes	**	-	na .	
Fren, birth	-	1	1	
Con. mal. birth inj. infant dis.	94	to.	***	
Suicide Road traffic acc.		w		
Other violent causes	1 -	1 1	2	
/11 other causes Total	3	6	9	
10041	45	52	97	



PRIVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

			-										TT	
						~		- 1 * 4	24 . 2				Hospit Total	Deaths in
		Total Cases Notified Age Periods - Years.								Total	cases	Hospital		
Diversion	Total cases	0	11	3_	6.							Deaths	removed	of pers-
Diseases	at all		1-		7-	,0-	1,5-	2)	47	&	unknown	1	to Hosp-	ons bel-
	ages.		İ							over			ital.	onging
	agest		- 1											to dis-
														trict.
	ap audiose sub-par-s-et-													
Smallpox	_	1-0				11	~		***			243	mc	
photipox													_	
Scarlet Fever	27	-	1	3	13	7	2	1	-	801	and .	-	5	
Diptheria	-	-		-	-	-	-		p=0		and .	-	coo.	
Enteric or														
Typhoid Fever	-	Alle	•		₩		~	0-2	-		-			
Paratyphoid Fever	drup	-	trat .		-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Moasles	22	-	4	6	12	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Whooping Cough	14	1	7	3	2		-	1		-	~	-	-	
Acute Pneumonia	-	-	**	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	A-3		t-s	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	**	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	too
Cerebro-spinal														
Fever		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	Cars	-	
Acute Poliopmyel.	3	-	-	1	р	140	-	2	-	-	-	1	2	1
Loute Folio-enceph.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	E sea	-		-	-	
scute encephalitis														
lethargica		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Dysentry	1	-	-	-		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	DM:
Ophthalmia											-			
Neoratorum	-	-	-	-	-	400	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Erysipelas	8	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	5	1	-		-	den .
Malaria	-	-	-	-		-	-		-			-	-	-
Food Poisoning	-	-	~		-	-	-		1-1	-	P	-	-	and .
Totals.	75	1	12	13	28	7	4-	4	5	1	100	1	7	1
		1												

Most of the cases of Measles occurred during the early part of the Year.

Two of the three cases of Poliomyelitis occurred in the parish of Pendleton, the other in Downham.



The following table gives the comparative incidence of infectious diseases during the past five years.

Disease	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945
Smallpox	enteriorita unitargata contra per medicante de	-	hate the same of t		et i ja
Scarlet Fever	27	23	4	10	13
Diphtheria	-	1	-	1	-
Enteric or Typhoid Fever	-	-	-	1	_
Paratyphoid Fever		80	-	-	
Lieasles	22	25	14	3	33
Whooping Cough	1 Հե	7	16	14	6
Acute Pneumonia	-	2	1	2	8
Fuerperal Forexia	-	1		-	-
Cerebro-spinal fever	-	E-17	-	1	**
Acute Poliomyelitis	3	-	***		-
Loute Prio-encephalitis	-	ted.	-	-	-
Acute Encephalitis lethargica	-	-	-	ent.	-
Dysentery	1	-	1	79	17
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	gue.	-	- 1	-	1
Errsipelas	8	4.	-	1	ton)
Italaria		tuo.	-	-	
Food Poisoning	-	-	ton.		CAM
Other Diseases	-	-	-	-	3
Totals.	75	63	36	113	81



The following table gives comparative Birth Rates, Death Rates, Mortality Rates and Case Rates for the Council's District and for the rest of the country.

,	Clitheroe R.D.C.	and	126 Count y Borough & Great Tovns	148 Smaller Towns (pop. 25,000 - 50,000.	London Adminis- trative County.
	Rates	per 1,00	00 Population	9	
Births. Live Births Still Births	11.2 0.22	16. 7 0. 39	18.7 0.47	18. 0 0. 40	18, 5 0, 37
Deaths. All causes	11.2crude	=			
Typhoid & Paretyphoid Whooping Cough Diphtheria Tuberculosis Influenza Smallpox Loute Polionyelitis &	12. 3adj. - - 0. 45	11.7 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.45 0.15 0.00	12.5 0.00 0.02 0.00 0.52 0.15 0.00	11.6 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.42 0.14	12.0 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.52 0.11
polic-encephelitis Pneumonia	0.11 0.11	0. 01 0. 51	0. 02 0. 56	0.02 0.49	0.01 0.59
Notifications. Typhoid fever Paratyphoid fever Corebro-spinal fever Scarlet fever Whooping cough Diphtheria Erysipelas Smallpox Heasles Pnoumonia Acute Polio-myelitis Acute Polio-encephalitis Food Poisoning	3. 08 ± 1.59 - 0.91 ± - 2.51 - 0.34	0. 01 ?. 01 0. 02 1. 63 2. 39 0. 04 0. 19 0. 00 8. 95 0. 80 0. 13 0. 01 0. 14	0. 01 0. 02 0. 03 1. 72 2. 44. 0. 05 0. 20 0. 00 8. 91 0. 91 0. 13 0. 01 0. 16	0.01 0.01 0.02 1.83 2.39 0.04 0.19 0.00 9.18 0.65 0.42 0.02	0.01 0.01 0.02 1.46 1.70 0.07 0.17 0.00 8.54 0.55 0.18 0.01
Deaths.	Rates		Live Births		0.0
1 year of age	10	32	37	30	29
Enteritis & Dierrhoea under 2 years of age	a-t	3.0	3.8	2.4	1.7
Notifications.	Rates p	er 1,000	Total (Live	& Still) Bir	ths.
Puerperal Pever & Pyrexia	SHAPE .	6.31	8.14.	5. 30	6.82
Laternal Mortality Abortion with sopsis Abortion withoug sepsis Puorperal infections Other maternal causes	54 	0.11 0.05 0.11 0.71			

^{*} Rates for these diseases for the Council's area excluding Calderstones Institution would be:-

Scarlet Fever 2.21 Erysipelas. 0.14



Tuberculosis.

The following table shows the age group incidence of new cases of Tuberculosis notified, and the deaths from the disease during the year 1949.

a infrastrum halmad mig patriodi, od vod vogovom, patriodi odin side salavaja na supelilation del		Ner	7 Cases.	Deaths.				
Age Periods.	Resp	iratory F	Non-res	piratory F	Respi	ratory F	Mon-respiratory	
Age Ferrous,	71.7	T.	E/1	D.	7.1	Ti.	19.	t.
Years 0-								
1-								
2-								
5-								
10								
15-								
20-								
25-		1						
35-	24-							
4-5	1	1		1				
55-	1				2	1		
65-								
75− & upvards.								
Totals	6	<u>2</u> ,	- 1		2	1		1,



PART II.

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area. Scavenging Services.

Housing.

Inspection and Supervision of Food.

by

H. Barton, M.R.S.I.,

Chief Sanitary Surveyor and Inspector.



SAMITARY CIRCULSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLIES.

The water supply throughout the district is provided chiefly from mains either in public or private ownership, The sources of supply are mostly moorland springs.

Details of supplies to the various parishes are as follows.

Aighton, Bailey & Chaigley.

Council's mains supplying water obtained in bulk from Blackburn Corporation.

Treatment of this water at the headworks by chlorination and addition of lime was commenced during the year. Filtration of the water is not carried out until the water reaches reservoirs in the Borough of Blackburn. The water numplied to this parish is therefore chlorinated but not filtered, and after rainfall is discoloured and contains sediment, often to a high degree.

Other supplies in this parish are Stonyhurst College supply, Preston Corporation, Freston Rural District Council, Co-operative Wholesale Society, Chaigley, Blackburn Corporation direct, and private and estate supplies.

Boyland with Leagram.

Frincipally from individual spring supplies, with one or two farms taking supplies direct from Preston Corporation mains.

Chatburn.

Council's mains supply water obtained in bulk from the privately owned supply of Sir Ralph C. Essheton, Bart.

Chipping.

Council's mains supply water taken in bulk from the privately owned supply of Lord Derby on Saddle Fell. Hany outlying farms rely on private spring supplies.

scheme for the improvement and extension of this supply has been prepared by the Council's Consulting Engineer.

Downham.

Fined supply in the ownership of Sir Ralph C. Assheton, Bart.

Little Hitton.

In centred community in this parish. Properties have private supplies or supplies direct from Blackburn Corporation and Clitheroe Borough mains.

Mearly.

Scattered properties with private spring supplies.

Pendleton.

Development along the main Clitheroe/Whalley Road is supplied from the Council's main taking water in bulk from Clitheroe Borough. Poor pressure and intermittent supply is experienced during peak draw-off periods. The village of Pendleton is supplied from a private supply in the ownership of the Huntroyde Estate.

Standen Hall and several other properties are supplied from the private supply of Standen Letate.

Thornley with Wheatley.

Fiped supply which is an extension of the Council's Chipping supply. Scattered properties have private supplies.



Twiston.

Piped supply in the ownership of Sir Ralph C. Assheton, Bart.

Whalley.

Practically the whole of the parish is supplied from Council's mains fed from springs and reservoirs owned by the Council. A supplementary supply in bulk from Clitheroc Corporation is used as required. Filtration and chlorination are carried out at the reservoirs. The Portfield Bar area is supplied from mains taking water in bulk from the Accrington & District Gas & Water Board. Calderstones Mental Hospital and adjoining hospital houses have a separate direct supply from the Blackburn Corporation 30 ins. aqueduct. The Plane's Wood and Archbishop's Wood supply is not used but is maintained as a standby supply in case of emergency.

Wiswell/Barrow .

Wiswell village has a piped supply from mains and reservoir in the Council's ownership. Pressure filters are in operation as the main enters the village. Barrow village has a piped supply in the private ownership of the Calico Printers' Association.

Whitcacre Lane School Camp and two or three properties in Barrow village are supplied from the Council's main running through the village. Outlying properties have prifate spring supplies.

Worston.

Council's mains supplying water obtained in bulk from Sir Ralph C. Assheton, Bart.

The quality of the water supplied throughout the district is generally satisfactory. The supply at Whalley which is regarded as being of doubtful bacteriological quality has been safeguarded in this respect by the installation of chlorination plant.

Mone of the supplies shows liability to plumbo-solvent action.

Summer drought conditions necessitated use of stand-by supplies and the imposition of restrictions in use of water, but it was not necessary to institute any form of rationing or intermittent supply.

The following tables give details of supplies to dwellings in the district.

		From Publ		From Priv	ate supplie	
				f standpipe		, springs.
		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated
Parish.	dwelling		dwelling	No. of		No. of pop-
	houses.	opulation	houses.	population	houses.	ulation.
			ARABAMATA JAMAS JAMAS JAMAS	n como anticonstitución anticonstitución de porte está festi está acual constitución de consti	reference and reference and reference	
Aighton, Bailey and						
Chaigley	151	604	_	**	14.3	572
Bowland with Leagran	7	28	••		32	128
Chatourn	356	1624	-		1	L _L
Chipping	198	792	pr0	-	65	260
Downham	-	**	-		60	24.0
Little Hitton	11	421-	MAG .	-		-
Mearly	-	-	₩	ė.e	8	32
Pendleton	25	100		-	50	200
Thornley with Wheatley Twiston	17	68	-		58	232
Whaller	F70	0010	-	-	22	88
Wiswell	532	2848 268	-	-	15	60
Worston	21	84	-	-	112	448
	21	04	_	-	9	36
				\$ 10 miles 10 miles		and and the sale a
Total - Whole District	1385	64.60	-	-	575	2300
		1		1		



Sampling.

Bacteriological - Ten samples of untreated water were submitted for examination; three were reported as unsatisfactory. Two samples of treated water were examined, one of which was not satisfactory - this was remedied by increasing the treatment dosage.

Five samples of proposed supplies to farm houses and buildings were examined.

Three were reported as unsatisfactory.

Chemical. - Six samples were submitted for examination and all were reported as satisfactory.

In addition to routine maintenance, renewal and improvement works, extensions to the Council's mains were carried out at the Chatburn and Whalley Housing Sites.

SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE.

The Council maintain sewage disposal works and plant at Whalley, Calderstones, Wiswell, Chatburn and Hurst Green, as well as septic tanks for development at Barraelough, Pendleton and Lamb Roe, Whalley. These works deal with sewage from the villages of Whalley, Wiswell, Barrow, Chatburn, Downham, Hurst Green, Stonyhurst and from the Calderstones Institution.

The construction of sowers and sewage disposal works to serve the Hurst Green and Stonyhurst districts was completed early in the year.

The construction of sewers and sewage disposal works to serve the village of Chipping was practically completed during the year.

Schemes for the construction of sewerage for the villages of Pendleton and Verston have been prepared by the Council's Consulting Engineer.

The Council's Consulting Engineer has been instructed to prepare a scheme for Whalley and Calderstones to remedy the present overloading and unsatisfactory conditions.

Routine maintenance, repair and improvement of works has been carried out as required and as availability of labour and materials has permitted.

The following table gives details of closet accommodation of dwellings in the district at the end of the year, and of conversions carried out during the year.

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pail closets	
Waste-water closet	5
	5
Dwellings on water	carriage system1337
Conversions during	1949.

With two or three exceptions all promises in Chatburn village with distance of the sewer have now been converted to water closets. It is expected that all premises will be converted during the coming year.

All properties in Hurst Green having septic tank drainage have been connected to the nearby laid sewers and the work of conversion of pail closets has been commenced by the various property owners.

RIVERS AID STREAMS.

The River Caldor is polluted by industrial wastes from sources outside the district. There is occasional pollution on a small scale of other streams in the district by indiscriminate dumping of refuse. Notices have been posted where pollution has or is likely to occur, and warnings have been sent to suspected offenders.

-13-



SANTTARY INSPECTIONS OF THE AREA.

Number	of	premises visited2751
Number	O.C.	defects discovered112
Number	of	defects remedied101
Number	of	informal notices served95
Number	of	statutory notices served4
Legal 1	Pro	cecdingsnil

SHOPS AND OFFICES.

Routine inspections of Shops and Offices were carried out. A few name contraventions only were discovered and these were immediately remedied when pointed out to the responsible persons.

CAMPING SITES, AND TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS.

There is only one site in the district used for permanent camping. that is the Garl Guides Association Camp fit Visvill. This is not a licensed site,
as the Garl Guides Association is one of the associations exempted from licensing
under the Public Heelth Act.

The district is well used by accasional week and tent campers, but camps are so small and scattered that no nuisance or injury to amenity results.

Applications for licences to erect caravans for week-end and occasional use only were given sympathetic consideration but in several cases were refused as it was considered that nuisance or injury to amenity would result. In three cases aggrieved applicants appealed, but the Council's decision was, in each instance, uphold by the Majestrates and the appeals dismissed.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION.

No special action was taken with regard to smoke abatement. The eight works chimneys in the district have not given cause for complaint.

Complaints of dust nuisance were received from premises in Chatburn village, and were referred to H.M. Alkali Inspector. Observations and investigations are still proceeding.

DISINFESTATION.

There were no cases of vermin infestation discovered during the year.

SCHOOLS.

There are 15 schools in the district including the three at Stonyhurst.

Sanitary condition of these schools is as follows.

Number	with	unsatisfactory yard surfaces
Tumber	with	fresh water closets 8.
Number	with	Pail closets 5.
Number	with	Trough Closets
Number	with	Drainage to public sewers
Number	with	Private treatment works
Lumber	with	Privy closets
Rumber	with	Dust bins
I'umber	with	Dry ashpits
number	with	water supply from public mains
Number	with	water supply from private supplies
Number	With	private supplies considered unsatisfactory
Number	with	unsatisfactory drinking and washing facilities 10.

A scheme is in hand for converting pail closets at Barrow School and for improvement in washing facilities.

The early conversion of pail closets at the two schools at Chipping is expected following completion of the new sewers.



FACTORIES.

The few factories in the area are in good condition. In the case of the few minor defects discovered, co-operation of the owners secured the desired results without necessity for further action.

There are no known outworkers in the district.

Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors)

hang apa misanahana mitmidanahan paman-ua man-uasuak Arabba per helippah unturpun asuah uda di sebingh adampun	%T%	<u>D</u> ī			
Premises.	Number on Register	Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers prosecuted	
(i) Factories in which sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (ii) Factories not included in (i)	Lį-	3		lef.	
in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (iii) Cther Premises in which Sectio 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-	49	27	ora.		
workers' premises)	6	6	-	_	
Total	59	36	-	-	

Cases in which defects were found.

	Nun	Number of cases in			
			Referr	which pro-	
Particulars.	Found	Remedied	To H.M.	By H. Id.	secutions
			Inspector.	Inspector	were ins- tituted.
Tent of cleanliness (S.1)	3	3	The second secon		regionegii matiini ahusa fu qobbu milk matika magida afuungi 1586
Overcrowaing (S. 2)	-). Made	-	916
Unreasonable temperature (S.	3)-		- .	-	ent
Incaequate ventilation(S.4)	-	-	-	_	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)		-	-	e wo	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) insufficient					
(b) Unsuitable or defective	4	5	-		-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	_	-	_
Other offences against the Let (not including offindes relating to Outwork)					
TOTAL STATE OF CAUTIONS			1400		
Total	7	8	-	1	



CHIEF SANITARY REQUIREMENTS OF THE DISTRICT.

The chief sanitary requirements of the district are:-

Extension and improvements of existing water supplies. Sewerage schemes for Pendleton and Worston. Re-construction of Whalley and Calderstones Sewage Disposal Works and extension of sewers. Provision of public conveniences.
The paving of unmade strects.
The improvement of sanitary conditions at schools.
Conversion of pail, privy, trough and waste water closets to fresh water

closets.



SCAVENGING SERVICES.

These services comprise the collection and disposal of household refuse and night soil.

Two hired vehicles and drivers are employed; leading, disposal and work on tips being carried out by the Council's own labour. One vehicle is used for household refuse collection and the other for carrying the tank for reception of night soil. There is a fortnightly collection of refuse and a weekly servicing of pails.

Refuse is disposed of by controlled tipping at tips situated at Whalley, Chatburn, Hurst Green and Chipping. The Chatburn tip is practically full and a new site for tipping is being sought.

The night soil tank is emptied into the public sewers adjoining sewage disposal works.

The provision of a properly covered refuse collection vehicle and a properly constructed metal box or trailer for night soil collection would be a desirable public health improvement.

During the year the service was extended to a number of outlying properties.



HOUSING.

Statistics.	Prefabricated Houses Traditional					
Number of new houses crected	Temporary	Permanent.	Permanent Houses.			
during the year		1.	28			
(i) By the local authority (ii) By other local authorities	***	2+	20			
(iii) By other bodies or persons	***		2			
Totals.	-	<u> L</u> .	30			
Inspection of dwelling houses during the year:- (1) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected formally or informally for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)						
Action under statutory powers during the (a) Proceedings under sections 9, 10, and (1) Number of dwelling houses in resprequiring repairs	16 of the Ho ect of which after service of owners	notices were s	served -			
defects to be remedied			7			
(a) By owners(b) By local authority in default (c) Froceedings under sections 11 and 13 (1) Number of dwelling houses in resp	of owners of the Housin ect of which	g Act, 1936: Demolition Ord	ders were			
(2) Number of dwelling houses demolis (d) Preceedings under section 12 of the H (1) Number of separate tenements or w	hed in pursua ousing Act. 1	nce of Demolit 936.	tion Orders			
Closing Orders were made	nderground ro he tenement o	oms in reppedt	of which			
fit	g: t the end of ein ein eported durin	the year				

3.



Housing Conditions.

General Observations.

The Rural Housing Survey is not yet completed, but information so far obtained suggests that the general housing standard in the district is below that indicated in past records. A large percentage of dwellings are old, lacking in amenities, suffering from general dilapidations and, being constructed of local stone without a damp-proof course, are damp.

There are approximately 12 back to back houses and 9 back to earth houses in the district.

There are fifteen houses without an adequate internal water supply, and 10 houses which have no separate sanitary accommodation.

The chief difficulties in action under Public Health and Housing Acts have been the high cost of reparis required to bring a house up to standard, low rentals, shortage of labour and materials, and building licensing restrictions.

Sufficiency of supply of houses.

There is a housing shortage in the Whalley, Chipping, Chatburn, Hurst Green and Barrow villages, and it is estimated that up to 50 houses will be required to meet the shortage.

At the end of the year, the second 12 houses at Chatburn and 22 houses at Chatburn and 22 houses at Chatburn and 25 houses at Chatburn and 26 houses, Bowland with Leagran 2 houses, and Chatburn a third 12 houses.



INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Milk.

On the 1st October, the responsibility for control and supervision of milk production passed into the hands of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. Local authorities are still responsible for control of milk distribution.

Prior of 1st October frequent visits of inspection were made to cowsheds and dairies, and during the year new shippons and dairies were constructed, existing buildings were re-constructed and improved, and water supplies and cooling facilities installed. These works were usually darried out with a view to obtaining a licence under the Milk (Special Designations) Regulations.

No	of diary farms at 30th September, 1949	228.
		2209
No.	of cowkeepers (including the dairy farms)	315.
No.	of inspections on the 30th September, 1949	75.
No.	of inspections after 30th September, 1949	16.
No.	of detrymen or milk purveyors (other than cowkeepers	
	at 31st December, 1949	2.

Thirty samples were submitted for Bacteriological examination and reported upon as satisfactory.

Leat and Other Foods.

There are no slaughterhouses in operation in the district.

Frequent inspections of food preparing premises, butchers' shops etc.

were carried out. Farm killed pigs for home consumption were inspected.

is series of 10 propaganda notices were inserted in local newspapers detailing steps to be taken by all classes of food handlers to prevent contamination and deterioration of food.

Ice Cream.

Frequent inspections of premises used for the manufacture, storage and sale of ice orean were made, and instruction and advice given to persons employed.

